Vaccine Investigation and Online Information Network (ICoVax 2012 2012/10/13)

### Prediction of Conformational Epitopes by Knowledge-based Energy Function and Geometrical Neighbouring Residue Contents

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## **Knowledge of Epitopes**







PDBid:1DUY

- B-cell epitopes can interact with an antigen to elicit either cellular or humoral immune response.
- In general, epitopes can be categorized into 2 types.
  - Linear (or continuous) Types
  - Conformational (or discontinuous) Types



1996\_Mapping Epitope Structure and Activity From One-Dimensional Prediction to Four-Dimensional Description of Antigenic Specificity

### **Linear Epitope Prediction System**



### **Conformational Epitope Prediction** System onformational Epitope Prediction Server

These prediction tools adopted • various combinations of physicalchemical characteristics and trained statistical features from known antigen-antibody complexes to identify CE candidates.



# **Our GOAL**

• To develop a new CE Prediction System using Energy and Residue Contents.

**Protein Structure** 



**CE Prediction System** 

**Epitope Prediction** 









### **Grid-base Protein Construction**(2/3)





PDB ID: 1ACB



## **Grid-base Protein Construction(3/3)**



### The distribution of surface rate in true CE Residues and overall residues

### **Surface Rate Statistics**



Interval of Surface Rate (%)



# **Energy Computation**

### Software: Prosa2003

- Function:
  - improving the folding recognition
  - structure prediction and refinement
- Description:
  - The knowledge-based potential was adopted for representing the energy of each surface residue, which was obtained from the distribution of pairwise distances to extract effective potentials between residues.



#### Here we adopted the advantages of calculated energy function from each surface residue to distinguish various statuses of active conditions.





# **Energy Computation**

- <u>Step1</u>.Selected the first 20% residues with high energy as our initial CE anchors.
- <u>Step2</u>. Selected initial seeds should possess surface rates.
- <u>Step3</u>. All satisfied seed residues would be mutually examined with a shortest distance of 12 Å to eliminate possible CE candidate groups.
- <u>Step4</u>. the neighboring residues will be included within the radius of 10 Å.





### Occurrence Frequency Analysis of Geometrical Amino Acid Pairs



CE Index (CEI<sub>GAAP</sub>) : To calculate the frequency of occurrence of a particular pair in the CE dataset divided by the frequency of occurrence of the same pair in the non-CE epitope dataset, and then took logarithm of the ratio to base 10.



## **Find Anchor and Clustering**



(a)Protein surface detection



(b)energy thresholding





(c)three predicted CE clusters (d)the true-CE residue of protein 10RS:C

# **Experimental Results**

### Performance measurement

$$Sensitivity = \frac{TP}{TP + FN}$$

$$Specificity = \frac{TN}{TN + FP}$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{TP + TN}{TP + FP + TN + FN}$$

$$PPV = \frac{TP}{TP + FP}$$

$$MCC = \frac{TP \times TN - FP \times FN}{\sqrt{(TP + FP)(TP + FN)(TN + FP)(TN + FN)}}$$

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16

## **Statistical Results**

Table 2: Average performance of CE prediction for various weighting coefficient combinations between average energy (Avg. EG) within a 6 Åradius and pairwise residue occurrence rate (PR). Each antigen was predicted with three CE candidates.

| Weighting    | SE         | SD         |             | ACC        |  |
|--------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|--|
| Combinations | JL         | 51         | FFV         |            |  |
| 0%EG+100%PR  | 0.38174909 | 0.88026912 | 0.28948427  | 0.82762314 |  |
| 10%EG+90%PR  | 0.41375626 | 0.88491713 | 0.318401513 | 0.83550329 |  |
| 20%EG+80%PR  | 0.40411907 | 0.88339643 | 0.310372011 | 0.83364651 |  |
| 30%EG+70%PR  | 0.40071021 | 0.88472985 | 0.308931260 | 0.83462812 |  |
| 40%EG+60%PR  | 0.40235963 | 0.88500477 | 0.308956909 | 0.83484050 |  |
| 50%EG+50%PR  | 0.40032410 | 0.88526988 | 0.308866524 | 0.83494350 |  |
| 60%EG+40%PR  | 0.39826932 | 0.88709592 | 0.310329851 | 0.83674728 |  |
| 70%EG+30%PR  | 0.39788531 | 0.88708866 | 0.310057838 | 0.83681763 |  |
| 80%EG+20%PR  | 0.39440495 | 0.88639840 | 0.307165993 | 0.83575056 |  |
| 90%EG+10%PR  | 0.39315133 | 0.88647102 | 0.307463589 | 0.83588749 |  |
| 100%EG+0%PR  | 0.39477960 | 0.88665173 | 0.307860654 | 0.83606191 |  |

Table 3: Average performance of CE prediction for various weighting coefficient combinations between individual energy (Ind. EG) and pairwise residue occurrence rate (PR). Each antigen was predicted with three CE candidates.

| Weighting<br>Combinations | SE          | SP         | PPV         | ACC        |  |  |
|---------------------------|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|--|--|
| 0%EG+100%PR               | 0.38904213  | 0.88545484 | 0.297620232 | 0.83316720 |  |  |
| 10%EG+90%PR               | 0.38730979  | 0.88374611 | 0.295145236 | 0.83109301 |  |  |
| 20%EG+80%PR               | 0.40874497  | 0.88785200 | 0.315718499 | 0.83729001 |  |  |
| 30%EG+70%PR               | 0.39293810  | 0.88612791 | 0.305437883 | 0.83393131 |  |  |
| 40%EG+60%PR               | 0.40530435  | 0.88759054 | 0.313223041 | 0.83635800 |  |  |
| 50%EG+50%PR               | 0.40110938  | 0.88624436 | 0.314452191 | 0.83427900 |  |  |
| 60%EG+40%PR               | 0.38267268  | 0.88614126 | 0.306830027 | 0.83289012 |  |  |
| 70%EG+30%PR               | 0.36904261  | 0.88510455 | 0.297330839 | 0.83028217 |  |  |
| 80%EG+20%PR               | 0.35784993  | 0.88327931 | 0.287382221 | 0.82740505 |  |  |
| 90%EG+10%PR               | 0.35565826  | 0.88242811 | 0.283611851 | 0.82639348 |  |  |
| 100%EG+0%PR               | 0.349151010 | 0.88206203 | 0.281820846 | 0.82577874 |  |  |



## **Statistical Results**

**Sensitivity Variation** 





## Evaluative Performance (Ten-fold & Ten Times)

### 3 dataset CE dataset (Total 248 proteins)

|             | Ten-fold Results |          |          |          |          |          |          |          | Average  |          |          |
|-------------|------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
|             | Test1            | Test2    | Test3    | Test4    | Test5    | Test6    | Test7    | Test8    | Test9    | Test10   | Ten-fold |
| Sensitivity | 0.383160         | 0.379787 | 0.37729  | 0.379258 | 0.385349 | 0.388107 | 0.379098 | 0.379132 | 0.386024 | 0.375141 | 0.381235 |
| Specificity | 0.880571         | 0.881009 | 0.87914  | 0.880072 | 0.87981  | 0.880345 | 0.879872 | 0.887975 | 0.878763 | 0.878127 | 0.880568 |
| PPV         | 0.297399         | 0.287289 | 0.288493 | 0.291191 | 0.287539 | 0.296898 | 0.29054  | 0.305936 | 0.289669 | 0.283264 | 0.291822 |
| Accuracy    | 0.828234         | 0.82883  | 0.82649  | 0.827769 | 0.827823 | 0.828432 | 0.827397 | 0.833007 | 0.826407 | 0.82499  | 0.827938 |

#### Remove redundant data (Total 163 proteins)

|             | Ten-fold Results |          |          |          |          |          |          |          | Average  |          |          |
|-------------|------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
|             | Test1            | Test2    | Test3    | Test4    | Test5    | Test6    | Test7    | Test8    | Test9    | Test10   | Ten-fold |
| Sensitivity | 0.341964         | 0.348149 | 0.348203 | 0.351525 | 0.341929 | 0.346977 | 0.347666 | 0.347436 | 0.347639 | 0.33798  | 0.345947 |
| Specificity | 0.886391         | 0.887023 | 0.887015 | 0.884151 | 0.886151 | 0.886993 | 0.887045 | 0.887073 | 0.887108 | 0.891938 | 0.887089 |
| PPV         | 0.287202         | 0.292822 | 0.293277 | 0.289017 | 0.286981 | 0.292107 | 0.292636 | 0.292365 | 0.292624 | 0.304628 | 0.292366 |
| Accuracy    | 0.826815         | 0.827903 | 0.82769  | 0.825199 | 0.826284 | 0.827708 | 0.827778 | 0.827831 | 0.827852 | 0.82929  | 0.827435 |



# Conclusions

## Conclusions

- In this paper, a novel method combined characteristics of <u>surface rate</u>, <u>energy function</u>, and <u>geometrical amino acid pairs</u> was proposed for predicting CE residues located in discontinuous B cell antigenic determinates.
- To compare the prediction performance with DiscoTope system with respect to the DiscoTope's testing dataset
  - average specificity : 0.891(CE-KEG) > 0.75 (DiscoTope)
  - average sensitivity : 0.565(CE-KEG) > 0.473 (DiscoTope)
  - AUC{(spe+sen)/2}: 0.728(CE-KEG) > 0.621(DiscoTope)
- To compare the prediction performance with PEPITO (BEPro) system
  - with respect to the Epitome's testing dataset
  - AUC{(spe+sen)/2}: 0.694(CE-KEG) > 0.683(BEPro)
  - with respect to the DiscoTope's testing dataset
  - AUC{(spe+sen)/2}: 0.728(CE-KEG) < 0.753(BEPro)



## Demo

• http://cekeg.ntou.edu.tw



#### Conformational Epitope prediction using Knowledge-based Energy function and Geometric relationships

#### **Current Query**

- Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet

### Welcome to our site

#### **CEKEG-Prediction Method**

The grid-based and mathematical morphological algorithms were applied for efficient detection and extraction of surface atoms, and initial surface resides of predicted CE candidates were exclusively selected according to the local average energy distribution. The novel CE prediction system was then developed based on the characteristics of surface rates, occurrence frequency of geometrical neighbouring residue combination, and knowledge-based energy functions. The trained and weighted combinatorial features of surface residue contents and potentials were integrated for a simple and effective CE prediction system.

#### **Related Server Link**

- SEPPA server: With 3D protein structure as input, each residue in the query protein will be given a score according to its neighborhood residues information.Higher score corresponds to higher probability the residue to be involved in an epitope.
- DiscoTope Server utilizes calculation of surface accessibility (estimated in terms of contact numbers) and a novel





#### Conformational Epitope prediction using Knowledge-based Energy function and Geometric relationships

### Current Query

- Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet

### Welcome to our site

| Enter a PDB ID and its chain      | ID:     |       |
|-----------------------------------|---------|-------|
| PDB ID: 1acb                      |         |       |
| or upload a pdbfile:<br>選擇檔案 尚未選取 | :<br>檔案 |       |
|                                   | Submit  | Reset |

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Conformational Epitope prediction using Knowledge-based Energy function and Geometric relationships

#### **Current Query**

- Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet

#### Step2:

#### Select 1acb its chain :

●E◯I



#### **Related Server Link**

SEPPA server: With 3D protein structure as input, each residue in the query protein will be given a score according to its neighborhood residues information.Higher score corresponds to higher probability the residue to be involved in an epitope.

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![](_page_26_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_27_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_27_Picture_1.jpeg)

CHINA STATE

# thanks for your attents